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Fig. 63. View of bottom of Fig. 60.
Fig. 64. Danubian beaker reputedly from Iron Gates region. (?) 4th century B.C. Silver; H 18.2 cm; largest D c. 15 cm. Photo by courtesy of the Metropolitan Museum of New York, Rogers Fund, 1947.
Fig. 65. Other view of Fig. 64. Photo source as above.
Fig. 66. Other view of Fig. 64. Photo source as above.
Fig. 66a. Other view of Fig. 64. Photo source as above.
Fig. 67. View of bottom of Fig. 64. Photo source as above.
Fig. 68. Bronze waisted goblet from Luristan. Photo by courtesy of the Trustees of the British Museum.
Fig. 69. Bronze and silver inlaid vessel with (?) ivory. 11th–9th century B.C. Photo by courtesy of the Louvre.
Fig. 70. Bronze matrix found at Gurchenova (Shoumen District), Bulgaria. 5th century B.C. L 29 cm. Shoumen Museum.
Fig. 71. Electrum cup of Hurrian inspiration. 12th-11th century B.C. H 11 cm. Photo by courtesy of the Louvre.
Fig. 72. Electrum goblet from Marlik. 12th-9th century B.C. Photo by courtesy of the Louvre.
Fig. 73. Corinthian helmet. 7th century B.C. Bronze. H 21 cm; depth 28.5 cm; W 20.5 cm. Photo by courtesy of the Trustees of the British Museum.
Fig. 74. Mask of a parade helmet recovered from the Olt River near the village of Resca (Olt District), Romania. 2nd century A.D. Cast bronze; H 23.4 cm; max. W 20.8 cm; thickness 1.3 cm. Kunsthistorisches Museum.

Fig. 75. Other view of Fig. 74.
Fig. 76. Electrum helmet from Ur, grave of Mes-kalam-dug. c. 2300 B.C. 15 carat gold; H 23 cm; L (from front to back) 26 cm. Iraq Museum, Baghdad.
Fig. 77. Thracian helmet from Kovachevitsa (Gotse Delchev District), Bulgaria. 4th century B.C. Bronze with hinged cheek-piece. H 23.7 cm. Archaeological Museum, Sofia.
Fig. 78. Greco-Illlyrian type helmet from Ocna Mureșului in Transylvania. 6th-5th century B.C. Historical Museum, Cluj.
Fig. 79. Helmet from the Agighiol tomb burial (Tulcea District), Romania. First quarter of the 4th century B.C. Silver. National Museum, Bucharest.
Fig. 81. Right side view of Fig. 79.

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Fig. 82. Detroit Helmet reputedly found in the Danube in the vicinity of the Iron Gates in Western Romania. 4th century B.C. Silver. Photo by courtesy of The Detroit Institute of Arts, gift of Sarah Bacon Hill Fund.
Fig. 83. Left side view of Fig. 82. Photo source as above.
Fig. 84. Right side view of Fig. 82. Photo source as above.
Fig. 86. Coțofenști helmet found near Poiana (Prahova District), Romania. 4th century B.C. Gold; H 25 cm; Wt 770 g. National Museum, Bucharest.
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Fig. 97. Detail of Fig. 95.
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Fig. 115. Gold plaque of the ritual tiara from the Karagodeuashkh tumulus on the Kuban. 4th–3rd century B.C. National Hermitage Museum, Leningrad.
Fig. 116. Silver appliqué from Craiova Treasure, Romania. First half of the 4th century B.C. H 6.6 cm. (one of a set of four). National Museum, Bucharest.
Fig. 117. Silver appliqué from Craiova Treasure, Romania. First half of the 4th century B.C. H 7 cm. National Museum, Bucharest.
Fig. 118. Silver appliqué from Craiova Treasure, Romania. First half of the 4th century B.C. H 4.1 cm (six of fifteen). National Museum, Bucharest.
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Fig. 123. Surcea phalera (Covasna District), Romania. Silver with traces of gilding. 1st century B.C. H 10 cm. National Museum, Bucharest.
Fig. 124. Silver phalera from North Pontic region, exact location unknown. Photo by courtesy of the Bibliothèque National, Cabinet des Médailles.
Fig. 125.

(L) Dacian multispiral 'bracelet' from Feldioara (Brasov District), Romania. Silver. 1st century B.C. - 1st century A.D. D 12.5 cm.

(R) From Orastie (Hunedoara District), Romania. Silver. 1st century B.C. - 1st century A.D. L c. 10 cm. Kunsthistorisches Museum, Vienna. Photo by courtesy of the Kunsthistorisches Museum.
Fig. 126. Detail of example from Feldioara, Fig. 125 (L).
Fig. 127. Detail of example from Orăștie, Fig. 125 (R).
Fig. 128. Dacian multispiral 'bracelet' from Carpiniaș (Alba District), Romania. Silver. 1st century A.D. D 6.25 cm; Wt 10.8 g. National Museum, Budapest.

Fig. 129. Dacian multispiral 'bracelet' from Ghelința (Covasna District), Romania. Silver. 1st century B.C.-1st century A.D. National Museum, Budapest.
Fig. 130. Dacian multispiral 'bracelet' from Dupuș (Sibiu District), Romania. Silver. 1st century B.C.-1st century A.D. Kunsthistorisches Museum.
Fig. 131. Dacian multispiral 'bracelet' from Coada Malului (Prahova District), Romania. Silver. 1st century B.C.-1st century A.D. D 12.4 cm; L 226 cm; Wt 455.16 g. National Museum, Bucharest.

Fig. 132. Dacian multispiral 'bracelet' from Senereuş (Mureş District), Romania. Silver. 1st century B.C.-1st century A.D. D 12 cm; L 217 cm; Wt 390.49 g. National Museum, Bucharest.
Fig. 133. Dacian multispiral 'bracelet' from Herăstrău (Bucuresti District), Romania. Silver. D 13.5 cm; L 178 cm; Wt 249 g. National Museum, Bucharest.
Fig. 134. Dacian torque from the hoard of Marca (Salaj District), Romania. Silver. 1st century B.C.–1st century A.D. Max. D 15.1 cm; max. thickness 10 mm; Wt 164.79 g. Kunsthistorisches Museum. Photo by courtesy of the Kunsthistorisches Museum.
Fig. 135. Gold bracelet from Cucuteni-Băiceni (Iași District), Romania. 5th century B.C. D 3.5 cm; average thickness 0.9 cm. The Moldavian Museum, Iasi.
Fig. 136. Bronze relief. 1st-2nd century A.D. The National Museum, Denmark. Photo by courtesy of The National Museum.
Fig. 137. Gold fibula from Maroni, Cyprus. Very late Mycenaean. L 4.9 cm; H 3.1 cm; Wt 166 g. British Museum. Photo by courtesy of the Trustees of the British Museum.
Fig. 138. Silver penannular 'fibula' from Tell Beit Mirsim. Middle Bronze II (c. 1750-1550). Palestine Archaeological Museum.

Fig. 139. A tribute bearer depicted on a Khorsabad relief. (After Maxwell-Hyslop, Fig. 161).
Fig. 140. Bronze fibula of Palestinian type (Provenance unknown). 10th century B.C. Ashmolean Museum, No. 1913. 685.
Fig. 141. Etruscan comb-fibula. Silver tube with gold-plated cap (one now missing) at each end. 7th century B.C. L of tube (now) 12.4 cm. British Museum. Photo by courtesy of the Trustees of the British Museum.
Fig. 142. Etruscan bolt-fibula said to have been found in the Roman Campagna. Pale gold. 7th century B.C. L 12.1 cm. British Museum. Photo by courtesy of the Trustees of the British Museum.
Fig. 143a,b. Greek fibula of the Geometric Period (2 views). From Greece. L 22.5 cm. British Museum. Photo by courtesy of the Trustees of the British Museum.
Fig. 144. Bronze fibula found near Panagyurshte. 8th-7th century B.C. Flat on backside as Greek examples found in the islands. L 7.4 cm. Archaeological Museum, Sofia.

Fig. 145. Electrum fibula from Gordion, Phrygian city mound. 7th century B.C. H 3.4 cm. University Museum, Philadelphia.
Fig. 146a. Silver millwheel fibulae and cordon from Boukyovsti near Oryahova, Bulgaria. Wt 642.92 g. Archaeological Museum, Sofia.
Fig. 147. Gold bow fibula from southern Italy (Campagna) 4th-3rd century B.C. L 7.9 cm. The Cleveland Museum of Art, Inv. no. 47.504. Photo by courtesy of the Cleveland Museum of Art.

Fig. 148. Silver cross-bow fibula from Ruvo. Pin with ball head is a separate piece. 2nd-4th century A.D. L 9.7 cm. British Museum. Photo by courtesy of the Trustees of the British Museum.
Fig. 149. Dacian 'knot' fibula from Moigard near the village Mirsid (Salaj District). L 9 cm. Inv. no. VII A99, Kunsthistorisches.
Fig. 150. Large Gold fibula of the Pietroasa Treasure from the village of Pietroasa (near Buzau, Buzau District), Romania. 4th century A.D. H (without pendant chains) 27 cm; W (at breast) 15 cm. National Museum, Bucharest.

Fig. 151. Back view of Fig. 150.
Fig. 152. Pair of gold fibulae of the Pietroasa Treasure from the village of Pietroasa (near Buzau, Buzau District), Romania. 4th century A.D. H (without pendant chains) 25 cm. National Museum, Bucharest.

Fig. 153. Back view of Fig. 152.
Fig. 154. Small Fibula of the Pietroasa Treasure from the village of Pietroasa (near Buzău, Buzău District), Romania. 4th century A.D. H (without pendant chains) 12.5 cm. National Museum, Bucharest.
Fig. 155. Back view of Fig. 154.
Fig. 156. Side view of Fig. 154.
Fig. 157. Concaștî amphora from Concaștî, Romania. c. 5th century A.D. Silver; H 42.2 cm. National Hermitage Museum, Leningrad.